

**TREM-1 Polyclonal Antibody** 

Catalog # AP73316

## Specification

# **TREM-1** Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	<b>WB, IHC-P</b>
Primary Accession	O9NP99
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal

## **TREM-1** Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 54210

**Other Names** TREM1; Triggering receptor expressed on myeloid cells 1; TREM-1; Triggering receptor expressed on monocytes 1; CD354

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1:100-300 ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

**Format** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

### **TREM-1** Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name TREM1

#### Function

[Isoform 1]: Cell surface receptor that plays important roles in innate and adaptive immunity by amplifying inflammatory responses (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10799849" target="\_blank">10799849</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21393102" target="\_blank">21393102</a>). Upon activation by various ligands such as PGLYRP1, HMGB1 or HSP70, multimerizes and forms a complex with transmembrane adapter TYROBP/DAP12 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17568691" target="\_blank">17568691</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17568691" target="\_blank">17568691</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25595774" target="\_blank">25595774</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25595774" target="\_blank">29568119</a>). In turn, initiates a SYK-mediated cascade of tyrosine phosphorylation, activating multiple downstream mediators such as BTK, MAPK1, MAPK3 or phospholipase C-gamma (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14656437" target="\_blank">14656437</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21659545" target="\_blank">14656437</a>, PubM



chemokines, as well as their migration and thereby amplifies inflammatory responses that are triggered by bacterial and fungal infections (PubMed:<a

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17098818" target="\_blank">17098818</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17568691" target="\_blank">17568691</a>). By also promoting the amplification of inflammatory signals that are initially triggered by Toll-like receptor (TLR) and NOD-like receptor engagement, plays a major role in the pathophysiology of acute and chronic inflammatory diseases of different etiologies including septic shock and atherosclerosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11323674" target="\_blank">11323674</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21393102" target="\_blank">21393102</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

[Isoform 1]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Recruited to lipid rafts when activated.

#### **Tissue Location**

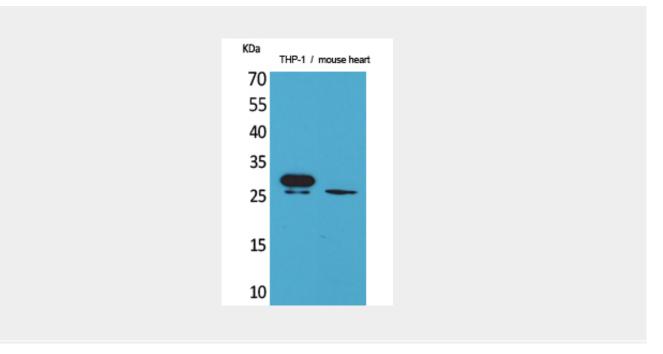
Mostly expressed by immune cells of the myeloid lineage, such as monocytes, macrophages, neutrophils and dendritic cells (PubMed:10799849). Expression is associated with a mature stage of myeloid development (PubMed:11922939). Highly expressed in adult liver, lung and spleen than in corresponding fetal tissue. Also expressed in the lymph node, placenta, spinal cord and heart tissues lsoform 2 was detected in the lung, liver and mature monocytes

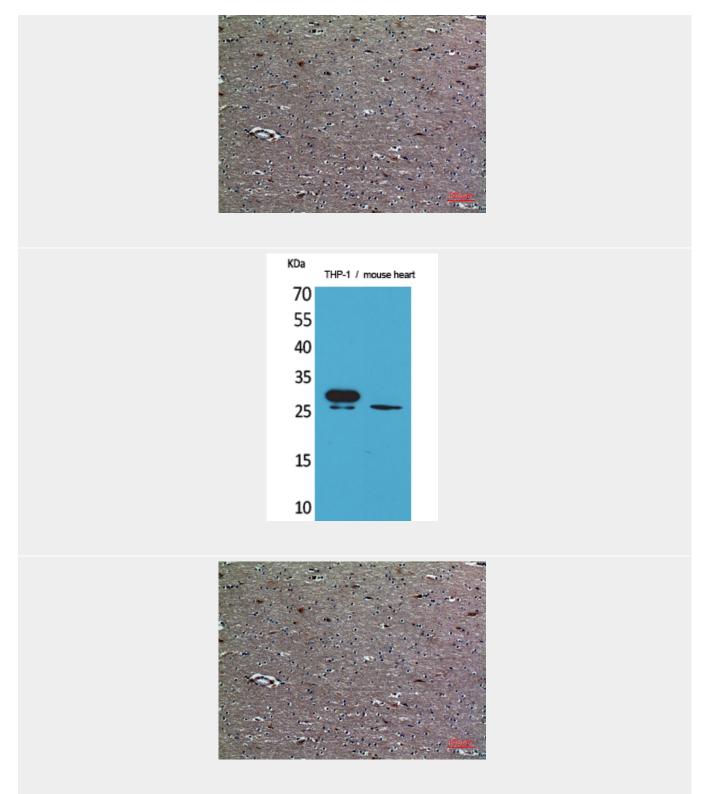
## **TREM-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

# **TREM-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Images**





# TREM-1 Polyclonal Antibody - Background

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Stimulates neutrophil and monocyte-mediated inflammatory responses. Triggers release of pro-inflammatory chemokines and cytokines, as well as increased surface expression of cell activation markers. Amplifier of inflammatory responses that are triggered by bacterial and fungal infections and is a crucial mediator of septic shock.